

Anti-Bullying and Anti-Violence Plan

2022-2023

School: Joliett	e Elementary School (157)
Coordinator:	Tara Marlin
ABAV Committee Members: SIR WILFRID	Stephanie Allard – Teacher Jessica McGuire – Teacher Dan Tremblay – Principal
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235, Montée Lesage, Rosemère (Québec) J7A 4Y6 | T 450 621-5600 / 1 866 621-5600 F 450 621-7929 | www.swlauriersb.qc.ca

Anti-Bullying and Anti-Violence Plan

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Definition of Bullying and Violence

Bullying

The word "bullying" means any repeated direct or indirect behaviour, comment, act or gesture, whether deliberate or not, including in cyberspace, which occurs in a context where there is a power imbalance between the persons concerned and which causes distress and injures,

hurts, oppresses, intimidates or ostracizes.

Violence

The word "violence" means any intentional demonstration of verbal, written, physical, psychological or sexual force which causes distress and injures,

hurts or oppresses a person by attacking their psychological or physical integrity or well-being, or their rights or property.

Elements of the ABAV Plan

- **Element 1** An analysis of the situation prevailing at the school with respect to bullying and violence;
- **Element 2** Prevention measures to put an end to all forms of bullying and violence, in particular those motivated by racism or homophobia or targeting sexual orientation, sexual identity, a handicap or a physical characteristic;
- **Element 3** Measures to encourage parents to collaborate in preventing and stopping bullying and violence and in creating a healthy and secure learning environment;
- **Element 4** Procedures of reporting, or registering a complaint concerning, an act of bullying or violence and, more particularly, procedures for reporting the use of social media or communication technologies for cyberbullying purposes;

Element 5 The actions to be taken when a student, teacher or other school staff member or any other person observes an act of bullying or violence;

- Element 6 Measures to protect the confidentiality of any report or complaint concerning an act of bullying or violence;
- **Element 7** Supervisory or support measures for any student who is a victim or bullying or violence, for witnesses and for perpetrator, (and bystander);
- **Element 8** Specific disciplinary sanctions for acts of bullying or violence, according to their severity or repetitive nature, and;
- **Element 9** The required follow-up on any report or complaint concerning an act of bullying or violence;

Element 1 ANALYSIS OF THE SITUATION PREVAILING AT THE SCHOOL WITH RESPECT TO BULLYING AND VOILENCE

School Portrait		
School's socio-economic index:	9	
Student population:	299	
Other pertinent information:	97% of students are bussed	

Analysis

An analysis of the situation prevailing at the school with respect to bullying and violence is conducted each year by using the following indicators:

- Review and analysis of GPI / ISM (digital reporting platform) entries related to bullying and / or violence;
- Results from the latest Our School Survey.

Students with a Positive Sense of Belonging 2021-22 at JES



Students' sense of belonging at school refers to the extent to which students identify with and value schooling outcomes, and participate in academic and non-academic school activities (Willms, 2003). Sense of belonging pertains to students' feelings of being accepted and valued by their peers and by others at school. It reflects "the extent to which students feel personally accepted, respected, included, and supported by others in the school social environment" (Goodenow, 1993a, p. 80).

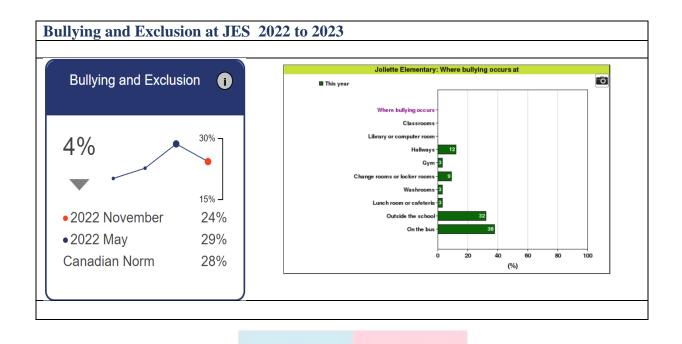
Students Feel Safe Attending School – JES - 2022-2023

In Our SCHOOL, in both the primary school survey, students respond to questions regarding how safe they feel at school, and on the way to and from school.

Students with Moderate or High Levels of Anxiety at JES , 2022-2023



The Learning Bar's framework on social-emotional outcomes includes measures of social, institutional, and intellectual engagement. In addition, measures of emotional health include anxiety, depression, and self-esteem.



The main purpose of the anti-bullying and anti-violence plan is to prevent and stop all forms of bullying and violence targeting a student, a teacher, or any other school staff member (act 75.1) Our school will collaborate in implementing the anti-bullying and anti-violence plan and shall see to it that no student or staff member is a victim of bullying or violence. Our school will commit to providing a safe, caring, and positive school climate. All stakeholders will play an important role in shaping the school climate and creating a sense of well being.

Intervention to improve students' sense of welling being and reduce social anxiety is an ongoing process at Joliette Elementary School. Behaviour records and survey data are reviewed to provide a coherent and ongoing portrait of student behavior and concerns over a period of several school years.

The areas of greatest concern at JES as revealed in both the Our School Survey and school recorded incidents, are: use of profanity/verbal aggression (56% Verbal/Social - Our School Survey, 24% of reported school incidents) Physical Aggression (12% Physical Aggression – Our School Survey, 73% of reported school incidents)

Exploration of the Our School Survey data from November reveals that students at Joliette Elementary are likely to talk about incidents of bullying/aggression with their parents (68%) and with teachers (54%). Further, victims of bullying/aggression are seeking help from friends (36%).Data also shows that students are developing greater coping strategies that includes relying on adults and friends to address an aggressor directly to solve a problem.

There is an increase in student supervision at lunch in 2022-2023, from 9 to 10 supervisors and a stabilization of our population at approximately 300 with 18 student groups. Our enrolment results in the majority of students eating in their classrooms. Consequently, 6% of student-reported aggression in classrooms and hallways. Further, 38% of students identified the school bus and 32% identified the school yard as areas where aggression/bullying. These are all decreases from the previous year.

Priorities 2022 - 2023

- Our first priority is to increase our students' sense of safety during all phases of the school day including transportation, in-class activities and recreation periods. Our goal is to increase student sense of safety by 2-5% over the course of the school year according to the results of the Our School Survey conducted in November, 2022.
- 2. Our second priority is to maintain students' perception that bullying and exclusion are well addressed at Joliette Elementary School and that we will continue to address issues of verbal and social bullying. Our goal is to maintain the perceived level of bullying 3-5% below the Canadian norm.



Element 2 PREVENTION MEASURES

To address the area(s) of concern, the following preventative measures aimed at putting an end to all forms of bullying and violence; in particular those motivated by racism or homophobia or targeting sexual orientation, sexual identity, a handicap or a physical characteristic include:

- 1 Student Rules of Conduct are reviewed yearly and included in the student agenda. This is reviewed at the beginning of each school year with all students.
- 2 Acts of verbal and physical aggression charting system which allows us to track negative behavior. This system includes an intervention room in which restorative practice is used.
- **3** Student mentoring/leadership initiative involving cycles 1 and 3 through which students interact and model positive behavior through the playing of school yard games.
- 4 Focus on extra-curricular activities (at least 1 per week per student) as a means of providing structure and allowing children to eat before or during the activity in smaller groups.
- 5- Alternating indoor and outdoor recess periods for all students to allow for social play with peers in the classroom and more space to play outside while limiting contact between student groups who traditional have conflict.
- 6 Passport Skills for life taught in ELA, ERC and FRENCH to improve student empathy and pro-social behavior and Zone of Regulation for Pre-School/Cycle 1.
- 7 Allot 5 hours of Behvioural specialist time per week to address issues with students who are challenged by unstructured environments during and after lunch.
- 8 Joliette Elementary School will commit to one presentation annually by an outside organization (play, teambuilding activity) which focuses on the theme of anti-bullying.
- Our school shares school buses with not only high school students but also the French school board, therefore initiating a plan increases the complexity. This makes it difficult to effectively address violence and bullying on the bus and at transfer points. Our school will work in concert with Pedagogical Services & Material Resources/Transportation Department to address this challenge.

10 -	A social worker has been retained through our school measures for 3 days a
	week. The social worker will work with parents, students and staff and external
	services in dealing with the most severe social and behavioural challenges our
	students face. Direct classroom instruction will be a new feature this year



Element 3 MEASURES FOR PARENT COLLABORATION

The success of this plan depends on the understanding and support of all of our stakeholders. School administrators and staff play a key role in developing programs and strategies to improve daily school life. Students also have a responsibility to promote and support positive behaviours. Parents are equally important and necessary partners in this initiative. Parents are encouraged to be active advocates for their children and to be aware of changes in their behaviours and to contact the school when behaviours at home become a concern.

The following measures are aimed at encouraging parents to collaborate in preventing and stopping bullying and violence and in creating a healthy and secure environment.

- 1. The School's Code of Conduct will be communicated with the parents (agenda, curriculum night, bulletins/memos, and/or on school website).
- 2. The ABAV Plan will be explained and made available to parents/guardians; it will be posted on the school website, under the tab ABAV.
- 3. Ongoing communication between principal and / or their designate and parents of children who are being bullied and those who are engaging in bullying behaviours until the resolution of the situation. Periodic communication with students who are bullied and their parent(s) to ensure that measures taken have been successful and the bullying has ceased.

Online workshops for parents for restorative practices and anti-bullying strategies.

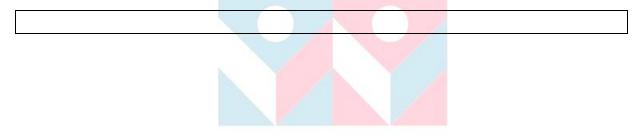
Element 4 PROCEDURES FOR REPORTING

The school will take the necessary measures to ensure confidentiality for all parties.

An incident of bullying and/or violence can be reported verbally (in person or by phone) or in writing (by email or by letter addressed to school administration). Students who wish to write a note to report an incident are encouraged to include their name for follow up.

Staff members who receive a report must document the information and submit the information to administration for follow up.

When parents have been told about a bullying situation or an act of violence, they are expected to communicate with the school principal, an alternate administrator or the classroom teacher. The report will be documented. Following the investigation, the parent should be contacted and advised that the situation has been investigated and appropriate action has been taken. Details are divulged so as to maintain confidentiality.



Element 5 INTERVENTION PROTOCOL

Our school is committed to providing a safe, caring and positive climate. Adult indifference is not-tolerated. School personnel must report and/or investigate all incidents of bullying and take appropriate action whether they personally observe incidents or learn of them by some other means. Reporting, investigation and action must occur even if the victim does not file a formal complaint or does not express overt disapproval of the incident.

This *Intervention Protocol* establishes practices and procedures for observed and reported incidents of bullying and/or violence.

For purposes of this Protocol, "Conduct" may include:

- Physical acts, such as inappropriate, unwanted, uninvited, or injurious physical contact with another; stalking; sexual assault; and destruction or damage to property of another;
- Written and electronic communication of any type that incorporates language or depictions that would constitute bullying, using any medium (including, but not limited to, cell phones, computers, websites, electronic networks, instant message, text messages and emails);
- Verbal threats made to another, including blackmail, extortion or demands for protection money;
- Direct or indirect, relationally aggressive behaviour such as social isolation, rumor spreading, or damaging someone's reputation;
 - Any of the above conduct which occurs off school grounds when such creates, or can reasonably be expected to create, a substantial disruption in the social setting and/or at school-sponsored activities and events.

In addition to the conduct described above, examples of conduct that may constitute bullying or violence include the following:

- Blocking access to school property of facilities;
- Stealing or hiding or otherwise defacing books, backpacks or other personal possessions;
- Repeated or pervasive taunting, name-calling, belittling, mocking putdowns, or demeaning humor relating to a student's race, color, gender, sexual orientation, ancestry, religion, disability, or other personal characteristics, whether or not the student actually possesses them, that could reasonably be expected to result in the disruption of school activities or that results in a hostile educational environment for the student.

Conduct that would **not** ordinarily be considered bullying or violence includes:

- Teasing
- "Talking trash"
- Trading of insults
- The expression of ideas or beliefs that are protected by the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms, so long as such expression is not lewd, profane, or intended to intimidate or harass another.

STAFF RESPONSE PROTOCOL

Any staff members who witness an act of bullying or violence must intervene immediately or as quickly as reasonably possible to address the issue.

- 1. The immediate safety and security of all parties must be ensured.
- 2. All incidents of bullying / violence must be reported to the principal, in a timely fashion.
- 3. A bullying/violence incident must be documented.
- 4. The school principal or their designate must investigate all reports in a timely fashion, preferably within 24 hours (when possible) of receiving initial report.
- 5. The staff person responsible for investigating the report about the behaviour should:

 a) Interview student(s) exhibiting bullying behaviour and the target / victim(s) separately to avoid further victimization of the target.

- b) Engage the target / victim first and focus on his/her safety.
- c) Reassure him / her that the bullying behaviour will not be tolerated and that all possible steps will be taken to prevent a reoccurrence.
- d) Offer the victim counselling (if needed).
- e) Inform parents of the incident and subsequent intervention. (Details of the intervention or disciplinary actions are not to be shared in order to protect confidentiality).

STUDENT RESPONSE PROTOCOL

Any student who witnesses an act of bullying or violence has an obligation, as a responsible member of the school community, to intervene if the situation does not threaten their well-being, or to report the incident to school authorities.

The following are the means through which a student may do so:

- Inform a staff member on duty.
- Inform administration.
- Mention it to a teacher or staff member they trust.
- Tell parent/guardian.

PARENT/GUARDIAN RESPONSE PROTOCOL

Report the incident to a school administrator or classroom teacher.

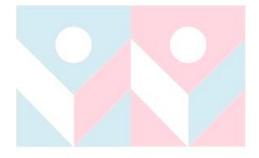
*At the discretion of the principal or his/her delegate, police intervention may be requested.



Element 6 MEASURES TO ENSURE AND PROTECT CONFIDENTIALITY

Measures to protect the confidentiality of any report or complaint concerning an act of bullying or violence shall include:

- 1. Staff is reminded that every incident and the ensuing follow-up must be kept confidential. This is done at least once each year.
- 2. Reports of bullying and / or violence are recorded on a digital database that has restricted access.
- 3. Use of intervention strategies that protect the anonymity of persons who report or provide information.



Element 7 SUPERVISORY AND SUPPORT MEASURES (for the victim, bully, witness & bystander)

It is the responsibility of every adult staff member to use difficult / challenging situations as opportunities to help students improve their social and emotional skills, accept personal responsibility for their learning environment, and understand consequences for poor choices and behaviours.

A clear distinction exists between *remediation* and *consequences*.

- a) Remediation, intended to counter or "remedy" a behavioural mistake, can be an effective prevention practice. Remediation measures are intended to correct the problem behaviour, prevent a reoccurrence, protect and provide support for the victim and take corrective action for documented systemic problems related to bullying and violence. Remediation measures allow the student an opportunity to reflect on behaviours, learn pro-social skills and make amends to those affected. Working with recovery plans and restorative justice practices are categorized as remediation.
- b) Consequences communicate to a perpetrator that their behavior is their choice and their responsibility. A consequence respects the child's right to make a decision, even if it's not a good one. It's a matter-of-fact learning experience in which you maintain a better relationship with the child as you hold them accountable. Consequences are almost always enacted in conjunction with remediation measures and restorative practices. Measures should be applied on a case-by-case basis and take into consideration a number of factors including:

CO Student Considerations: AIRE SIR-WILFRID-LAURIER

- Age and developmental maturity of the students involved;
- Nature, frequency and severity of the behaviours;
- Relationships of the parties involved;
- Context in which the alleged incidents occurred;
- Patterns of past or continuing behaviours;
- Other circumstances that may play a role.

School Considerations:

- School culture, climate and general staff management of the learning environment;
- Social, emotional and behavioural supports;
- Student-staff relationships and staff behaviour toward the student;
- Family, community and neighborhood situation;
- Alignment with policies and procedures.

Examples of remedial measures and consequences may include, but are not limited to, the examples listed below:

Remediation Measures for Victims

- Meet with counsellor / mentor / special education technician / administrator / staff member to:
 - Create a safe environment to allow victim to explore feelings about incident. Maintain open lines of communication.
 - Develop a plan to ensure student's emotional and physical safety at school.
 - Ensure student does not feel responsible for the behaviour.
 - Ask student to log and report any and all future related incidents.
 - Offer counseling to help develop skills for overcoming the negative impact on self-esteem.
- A staff member will conduct scheduled follow-up meetings with the student to ensure the bullying or violence has stopped and to provide support to the student. The degree of support offered at these meetings and their frequency shall depend upon the feedback from the victim regarding the current circumstances.
- In all cases, it will be determined which members of the school staff must be made aware of the incident to ensure that the student is safe.
- Parents will be informed immediately following the incident and regularly updated until the situation is resolved.

COM Other: Insert text here LAIRE SIR-WILFRID-LAURIER SIR WILFRID LAURIER SCHOOL BOARD

Remediation Measures for Student Exhibiting Bullying Behaviour

- Develop an intervention plan with the student. Ensure the student has a voice in the outcome and can identify ways he / she can solve the problem and change behaviours.
- Meet with parent(s)/guardian(s) to develop a recovery plan agreement to ensure all understand school rules and expectations, as well as the long term negative consequences of bullying or violence, on all involved, and to clearly outline the consequences if the behaviour continues.
- Meet with special education technician, school counsellor, social worker or psychologist to:
 - Explore mental health issues or emotional disturbances what is happening and why?
 - Offer additional social skills training such as impulse control, anger management, developing empathy and problem solving.
 - Arrange for apology written is recommended.
 - Arrange for restitution particularly if any personal items were damaged or stolen.
 - Determine restorative practices (age appropriate).
- Other: Insert text here

Remediation Measures for Witnesses

- Following the incident, an intervention may be held with any witnesses to determine their role in the incident. If the incident witnessed is severe, witnesses are met, in a group or individually, to debrief the event, discuss their role and to determine more appropriate actions in the future.
- The school reserves the right to contact the parents of bystanders.
- As with victims, witnesses to acts of bullying or violence should have a reasonable expectation of feedback from intervening adult figures in a timely manner so as to guarantee a sense of safety and security in the school.
- Other: Insert text here

Remediation Measures for Student Bystanders

- Review Student Response Protocol.
- Explore reasons why they did not intervene or report the incident.
- Offer of coaching on how to safely intervene or help the situation.
- Other: Insert text here

Element 8 SPECIFIC DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS

Based on the severity and / or frequency of incidents and at the discretion of the administration, the following disciplinary and / or corrective actions may include, but are not limited to:

- Parent notification
- ISM Reporting
- Admonishment / conference with student (verbal warning)
- Reflection activity or action
- Recovery plan ~ Restorative measures or practices
- Written warning and deprivation of privilege(s) / service(s)
- Restitution
- Mediation or conflict resolution (when deemed appropriate)
- Probation and letter of expectations
- Detention
- In-school suspension
- COMOut-of-school suspension AIRE SIR-WILFRID-LAURIER
 - Referral to alternative to suspension program for schools offering such a program
 - Referral to counsellor, external social / medical agencies, for support
 - Legal action / report to law enforcement, if required
 - Signaling of youth protection
 - Convocation to a disciplinary hearing at the school board
 - School transfer
 - Expulsion
 - Other: Insert text here

Element 9 FOLLOW-UP PROTOCOL

The principal or their designate will ensure that each incident was properly followed up on and documented. Follow-up measures will include the following:

- Verification that the incident has been properly documented.
- Verification that all parties immediately involved have been met with and that intervention protocols have been followed.
- Verification that parents of the victims and perpetrators have been contacted.
- Meeting with the victim and perpetrator to assess their well-being, and that the bullying / violence has ceased.
- Verification of the completion of all remedial measures for all parties concerned.
- Referral of parents to complaints procedure, should the parents express dissatisfaction with the course of action from the school administration.



End of Year Evaluation

To ensure the integrity of its Plan, the administration of our school will conduct a yearly evaluation that reviews:

- The Our School Survey results.
- Revision and analysis of ISM (digital reporting platform) entries related to bullying and / or violence to assess decrease or increase in incidents of bullying and/or violence.
- The initiatives put in place for the year and assessment of effectiveness of the actions.

